

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY US ARMY INSTITUTE OF PUBLIC HEALTH 5158 BLACKHAWK ROAD ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND MARYLAND 21010-5403

MCHB-IP-RDE

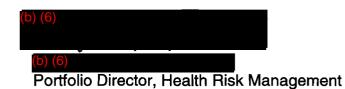
1 5 MAY 2011

SUBJECT: Deployment Occupational and Environmental Health Surveillance Sample Report, Airborne Particulate Matter, Phoenix, Afghanistan, 16 November 2010-2 February 2011, U\_AFG\_PHOENIX\_CM\_A25\_20110202

1. The enclosed report details the assessment of particulate matter (PM) air samples collected by 981st Medical Detachment personnel, Burn Pit, K-5 Transient Housing, Helipad, Barbeque (BBQ) Dining Facility (DFAC), Main DFAC, Crew Maintenance area, and A-Transportation Lot, Phoenix, Afghanistan, 16 November 2010-2 February 2011.

2. Based on the sample results and associated exposure information assessed in this report, the tactical risk estimate for  $PM_{2.5}$  at the Burn Pit, K-5 Housing, Helipad, BBQ DFAC, Main DFAC, Crew Maintenance Site, and A-Transportation on both typical and peak exposure days during the sampled timeframe is **low**.

FOR THE DIRECTOR:



Encl

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# U.S. ARMY PUBLIC HEALTH COMMAND (Provisional)

5158 Blackhawk Road, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland 21010-5403

Deployment Occupational and Environmental Health Surveillance Sample Report, U\_AFG\_PHOENIX\_CM\_A25\_20110202 Health Risk Management Portfolio

Airborne Particulate Matter, Phoenix, Afghanistan

Prepared by (b) (6) Deployment Environmental Surveillance Program

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# ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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## DEPLOYMENT OCCUPATIONAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SURVEILLANCE SAMPLE REPORT AIRBORNE PARTICULATE MATTER PHOENIX, AFGHANISTAN 16 NOVEMBER 2010-2 FEBRUARY 2011 U\_AFG\_PHOENIX\_CM\_A25\_20110202

### 1 References

See Appendix A for a list of references.

### 2 Purpose

This report provides the U.S. Army Public Health Command (Provisional) (USAPHC (Prov)), Army Institute of Public Health (AIPH) assessment of the laboratory analytical results and exposure information associated with the samples collected by 981st Medical Detachment on 16 November 2010-2 February 2011 at Burn Pit, K-5 Transient Housing, Helipad, Barbeque (BBQ) Dining Facility (DFAC), Main DFAC, Crew Maintenance area, and A-Transportation Lot, Phoenix, Afghanistan according to the U.S. Department of Defense deployment occupational and environmental health (DOEH) surveillance requirements. The assessment serves several purposes. It identifies DOEH hazards that may be related to acute health effects that could occur in personnel during their deployment. It provides an official record of observed exposure conditions for use in future site evaluations. It identifies whether or not there is a potential for chronic health concerns which may require additional characterization. Finally, this report includes preventive steps to reduce or eliminate occupational and environmental exposures, and surveillance and/or sampling recommendations, as necessary.

### 3 Scope

The assessment of sample results and exposure information in this report follows the process published in the USAPHC (Prov) Technical Guide (TG) 230 "Environmental Health Risk Assessment and Chemical Exposure Guidelines for Deployed Military Personnel, June 2010 Revision." The assessment is based on limited data representing a specific time period and assesses short-term exposure risks only. Therefore, this report cannot be used alone to estimate the risk of chronic health effects from exposures. In addition, this assessment does not address all DOEH hazards to which U.S. personnel may be exposed.

### 4 Laboratory Analysis

Filters used to collect deployment air samples of particulate matter (PM) are shipped to the USAPHC (Prov), AIPH, and weighed to determine particulate mass and calculate ambient concentrations. The USAPHC (Prov), AIPH laboratory also analyzes the PM for a standard set of metals typically found in PM. The complete analytical sample results can be viewed in the Defense Occupational and Environmental Health Readiness System-Environmental Health (DOEHRS-EH). Log into the DOEHRS-EH and search for the samples using the DOEHRS sample identification numbers (IDs) provided in Appendix B.

#### 5 Exposure Setting

Appendix C contains information about the sampling location, environmental conditions, and associated potential population exposure for each sample site. The information was provided on the field data sheets submitted with the sample set unless otherwise noted. Information about the individual samples including sample date and site, is provided in Appendix B. Correction and clarification of exposure assumptions by the sampling unit is encouraged.

#### 6 Prescreen

Table 1 shows parameters identified as potential hazards because their peak single sample concentrations were greater than their most health-protective screening level USAPHC (Prov) TG 230 military exposure guidelines (MEGs). Potential hazards are further assessed to determine if they are acute hazards. The pre-screening is conducted as described in USAPHC (Prov) TG 230, section 3.4.3. The sample results were compared to MEGs on 4 March 2011.

Parameter	Detections/ Samples	Peak Single Sample Concentration (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1-year Negligible MEG (μg/m³)	Result
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Burn Pit	3/3	226	15	Retain as potential hazard
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at K-5	1/1	281	15	Retain as potential hazard
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Helipad	4/4	200	15	Retain as potential hazard
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at BBQ DFAC	4/4	275	15	Retain as potential hazard
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Main DFAC	2/2	203	15	Retain as potential hazard
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Crew Maintenance	2/2	77	15	Retain as potential hazard
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at A- Trans Lot	2/2	175	15	Retain as potential hazard

#### Table 1. Results of Prescreen

Legend:  $\mu g/m^3$  = micrograms per cubic meter

### 7 Acute Risk Assessment

#### 7.1 Acute Screen

Table 2 shows parameters identified as acute hazards because their peak sample day concentrations were greater than their acute screening MEGs. Acute hazards are further assessed to estimate the acute risk from exposure to these parameters in the ambient air. The acute screening is conducted as described in USAPHC (Prov) TG 230, section 3.4.5.1.

Parameter	Peak Sample Day Concentration (μg/m³)	Screening MEG (µg/m³)	Result
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Burn Pit	226	24-hour Negligible MEG: 65	Retain as acute hazard
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at K-5	281	24-hour Negligible MEG: 65	Retain as acute hazard
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Helipad	200	24-hour Negligible MEG: 65	Retain as acute hazard
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at BBQ DFAC	275	24-hour Negligible MEG: 65	Retain as acute hazard
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Main DFAC	203	24-hour Negligible MEG: 65	Retain as acute hazard
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Crew Maintenance	77	24-hour Negligible MEG: 65	Retain as acute hazard
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at A-Trans Lot	175	24-hour Negligible MEG: 65	Retain as acute hazard

Table 2.	<b>Results of</b>	Acute	Screen
	Neguita Ol	Acute	OCICCII

Legend:  $\mu g/m^3 = micrograms per cubic meter$ 

#### 7.2 Hazard Severity

Table 3 summarizes the hazard severity levels determined by comparing the peak and average sample day concentrations of the acute hazards to the appropriate MEGs. The peak concentration is intended to represent the worst exposure conditions and the average concentration is intended to represent typical exposure conditions. Hazard severity is determined using USAPHC (Prov) TG 230, section 3.4.5.2.

Parameter	Concentration (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )		
DM of Durp Dit	Peak: 226	Is > 24-hour Negligible MEG: 65, but < 24-hour Marginal MEG: 250	Negligible
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Burn Pit	Average: 166	Is > 24-hour Negligible MEG: 65, but < 24-hour Marginal MEG: 250	Negligible
	Peak: 281	Is ≥ 24-hour Marginal MEG: 250, but < 24-hour Critical MEG: 500	Marginal
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at K-5	Average: 281	Is ≥ 24-hour Marginal MEG: 250, but < 24-hour Critical MEG: 500	Marginal
DM at Halipad	Peak: 200	Is > 24-hour Negligible MEG: 65, but < 24-hour Marginal MEG: 250	Negligible
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Helipad	Average: 160	Is > 24-hour Negligible MEG: 65, but < 24-hour Marginal MEG: 250	Negligible
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at BBQ DFAC	Peak: 275	Is ≥ 24-hour Marginal MEG: 250, but < 24-hour Critical MEG: 500	Marginal

### Table 3. Hazard Severity

Parameter	Concentration (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Comparison MEGs (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Hazard Severity
	Average: 180	Is > 24-hour Negligible MEG: 65, but < 24-hour Marginal MEG: 250	Negligible
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Main	Peak: 203	Is > 24-hour Negligible MEG: 65, but < 24-hour Marginal MEG: 250	Negligible
DFAC	Average: 186	Is > 24-hour Negligible MEG: 65, but < 24-hour Marginal MEG: 250	Negligible
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Crew	Peak: 77	Is > 24-hour Negligible MEG: 65, but < 24-hour Marginal MEG: 250	Negligible
Maintenance	Average: 73	Is > 24-hour Negligible MEG: 65, but < 24-hour Marginal MEG: 250	Negligible
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at A-Trans	Peak: 175	Is > 24-hour Negligible MEG: 65, but < 24-hour Marginal MEG: 250	Negligible
Lot	Average: 153	Is > 24-hour Negligible MEG: 65, but < 24-hour Marginal MEG: 250	Negligible

Legend:  $\mu g/m^3 = micrograms per cubic meter$ 

### 7.3 Hazard Probability

Table 4 summarizes the hazard probability determinations for each acute hazard. Refer to USAPHC (Prov) TG 230, section 3.4.5.3 for additional information about hazard probability scoring methodology.

Table 4. Hazard Probability

Parameter	Concentration (µg/m³)	Hazard Probability
PM <sub>25</sub> at Burn Pit	Peak: 226	Occasional
FIVI2.5 at Buill Fit	Average: 166	Seldom
PM <sub>25</sub> at K-5	Peak: 281	Unlikely
F WI2.5 at K-5	Average: 281	Unlikely
DM at Halipad	Peak: 200	Seldom
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Helipad	Average: 160	Seldom
	Peak: 275	Unlikely
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at BBQ DFAC	Average: 180	Seldom
DM at Main DEAC	Peak: 203	Seldom
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Main DFAC	Average: 186	Seldom
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Crew	Peak: 77	Unlikely
Maintenance	Average: 73	Unlikely
DM at A Trans Lat	Peak: 175	Seldom
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at A-Trans Lot	Average: 153	Seldom

#### 7.4 Tactical Risk Estimate

Table 5 summarizes the acute risk assessment for exposure to each of the acute hazards. The tactical risk estimate was determined using the USAPHC (Prov) TG 230, Table 3-1 "Military Risk Assessment Matrix." The tactical risk estimates are color-coded consistent with the black, red, amber, green system described in Field Manual 1-02 "Operational Terms and Graphics."

Parameter	Type of Exposure	Hazard Severity	Hazard Probability	Tactical Risk Estimate
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Burn	Peak	Negligible	Occasional	Low
Pit	Average	Negligible	Seldom	Low
	Peak	Marginal	Unlikely	Low
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at K-5	Average	Marginal	Unlikely	Low
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at	Peak	Negligible	Seldom	Low
Helipad	Average	Negligible	Seldom	Low
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at BBQ	Peak	Marginal	Unlikely	Low
DFAC	Average	Negligible	Seldom	Low
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Main	Peak	Negligible	Seldom	Low
DFAC	Average	Negligible	Seldom	Low
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at Crew	Peak	Negligible	Unlikely	Low
Maintenance	Average	Negligible	Unlikely	Low
PM <sub>2.5</sub> at A-	Peak	Negligible	Seldom	Low
Trans Lot	Average	Negligible	Seldom	Low

Table 5. Risk Assessment Summary

#### 8 Conclusion

Refer to USAPHC (Prov) TG 230, Table 3-2 for the potential consequences to military operations and force readiness associated with this risk level.

Based on the sample results and associated exposure information assessed in this report, the tactical risk estimate for  $PM_{2.5}$  at the Burn Pit, K-5 Housing, Helipad, BBQ DFAC, Main DFAC, Crew Maintenance area, and A-Transportation Lot on both typical exposure and peak exposure days during the sampled timeframe is **low**.

#### 9 Limitations

#### 9.1 Field Data Quality

The field data sheets provided with the sample set were not adequately filled out. The post sample time was recorded incorrectly. The post sample time is the time the sample equipment stops actively sampling the air; not the time the sample collector returns to pick up the equipment/media.

Some of the samples were invalid due to improper sample collection and equipment failure.

#### 9.2 Sample Receipt at USAPHC (Prov) Laboratory

The sample set was packaged correctly.

#### 9.3 Laboratory Data Quality

Some parameters in this data set are flagged with a J code (<sup>J</sup>). This code indicates an estimated value that was detected above the Method Detection Limit but below the Method Reporting Limit (also known as Limit of Quantitation or Practical Quantitation Limit).

#### 9.4 Risk Assessment

Parameter concentrations on days with multiple samples were averaged together to determine a single concentration for the day.

If a parameter was not detected in all samples, half of the laboratory reporting limit was used to calculate an average.

#### **10** Recommendations and Notes

Maintain communication with USAPHC (Prov), AIPH points of contact (POCs) and continue standard surveillance of airborne PM and metals in accordance with defined Occupational and Environmental Health Site Assessment (OEHSA) Exposure Pathways and sampling plans for your location.

If an OEHSA and/or specific sampling plans have not yet been completed for Phoenix, Afghanistan, collect ambient PM air samples from sites that best represent exposures at least once every 6 days to better characterize conditions over time.

## **11 Points of Contact**

Mr. (b) may be contacted at e-mail (b) (6)	essment are Mrs. (b) (6) and tacted at e-mail (b) (6) and , or DSN (b) (6) or
commercial (b) (6)	(b) (6)
	(b) (6) Environmental Scientist Deployment Environmental Surveillance Program

Approved by:

(b) (6)					

Acting Program Manager Deployment Environmental Surveillance

## Appendix A

### References

- 1. Department of Defense Directive (DoDD) 6490.02E, Comprehensive Health Surveillance, 21 October 2004.
- 2. Department of Defense Instruction (DoDI) 6490.03, Deployment Health, 11 August 2006.
- 3. Department of the Army (DA) Field Manual (FM) 5-19, Composite Risk Management, 21 August 2006.
- 4. DA FM 1-02, Operational Terms and Graphics, 21 September 2004.
- 5. USAPHC (Prov) Technical Guide (TG) 230, Chemical Exposure Guidelines for Deployed Military Personnel, June 2010.

# Appendix B

DOEHRS-EH Sample ID	Sample ID Reported on Field Data Sheet	Sample Site	Date and Time Sample Collected	Sample Invalid (Yes/No) Reason for Invalid Sample
00003NJC	AFG_PHOENI_1032 1_PM2.5DPS	K5 (Transient Housing)	2010/11/16 1305	No
00003NJS	AFG_PHOENI_1032 1_PM2.5DPS	Burn Pit	2010/11/16 1300	No
00003NJD	AFG_PHOENI_1032 1_PM2.5DPS	Main DFAC	2010/11/16 1308	Yes, Missing Field Data
00003NJA	AFG_PHOENI_1032 1_PM2.5DPS	Helipad	2010/11/16 1314	No
00003NJL	AFG_PHOENI_1032 1_PM2.5DPS	BBQ DFAC	2010/11/16 1314	No
00003NIX	AFG_PHOENI_1032 7_PM2.5DPS	Burn Pit	2010/11/22 1335	Yes, Flow Differential
00003NJ1	AFG_PHOENI_1032 7_PM2.5DPS	BBQ DFAC	2010/11/22 1343	No
00003NJ6	AFG_PHOENI_1032 7_PM2.5DPS	Helipad	2010/11/22 1343	No
00003ZL1	AFG_PHOENI_1102 5_PM25DPS	K5	2011/01/25 1015	Yes, Flow Differential
00003ZKW	AFG_PHOENI_1102 5_PM25DPS	Main DFAC	2011/01/25 1024	No
00003ZKG	AFG_PHOENI_1102 5_PM2.5DPS	Burn Pit	2011/01/25 1025	No
00003ZMF	AFG_PHOENI_1102 5_PM25DPS	BBQ DFAC	2011/01/25 1033	No
00003ZMA	AFG_PHOENI_1102 5_PM25DPS	Helipad	2011/01/25 1050	No
00003ZKJ	AFGPHOENI11026	Crew Maintenance	2011/01/26 1530	No
00003ZMJ	AFGPHOENIX11026	A-Trans Lot	2011/01/26 1530	No
000040Z4	AFG_PHOENI_1103 1_PM2.5DPS	BBQ DFAC	2011/01/31 1005	No

## **Sample Identification Information**

DOEHRS-EH Sample ID	Sample ID Reported on Field Data Sheet	Sample Site	Date and Time Sample Collected	Sample Invalid (Yes/No) Reason for Invalid Sample
000040YR	AFG_PHOENI_1103 1_PM2.5DPS	Helipad	2011/01/31 1015	No
000040YW	AFG_PHOENI_1103 1_PM2.5DPS	Burn Pit	2011/01/31 1020	No
000040YQ	AFG_PHOENI_1103 1_PM2.5DPS	Main DFAC	2011/01/31 1025	No
000040YH	AFGPHOENI11033	Crew Maintenance	2011/02/02 1045	No
000040YK	AFGPHOENI11033	A Trans	2011/02/02 1045	No

## Appendix C

## **Exposure Setting Information**

### Table C-1. Exposure Information at the Burn Pit

Questions About Exposure	Information Provided and Assumptions
What is the exposure event or ambient	Exposure to PM less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter
environmental condition under	$(PM_{2.5})$ and metals in the ambient air at this location.
consideration?	
What is the population at risk?	The population at Burn Pit.
What is the timeframe under	The samples were collected on 16 November 2010-
consideration?	31 January 2011. This encompasses a timeframe of
	approximately 3 months from the first day of sampling
	to the last. Although personnel will be deployed to
	this location for approximately 1 year, only this
	timeframe of 3 months is being considered.
What are the activity patterns of the	Typical exertion across the base camp.
exposed population?	
What is known about sources of	Burn pit.
potential contamination?	
What is known about the exposure	The Burn Pit is a sample site at Bagram, Afghanistan.
setting?	
What are the exposure pathways?	Inhalation.
Where are the sampling sites relative	Specific information about the sampler location was
to where exposure occurs?	not provided.

Questions About Exposure Information Provided and Assumptions				
What is the exposure event or ambient	Exposure to PM less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter			
environmental condition under	$(PM_{2.5})$ and metals in the ambient air at this location.			
consideration?				
What is the population at risk?	The population at the K-5 Housing site.			
What is the timeframe under	The samples were collected on 16 November 2010.			
consideration?	This encompasses a timeframe of approximately			
	1 day of sampling. Although personnel will be			
	deployed to this location for approximately 1 year,			
	only this timeframe of 1 day is being considered.			
What are the activity patterns of the	Typical exertion across the base camp.			
exposed population?				
What is known about sources of	None provided.			
potential contamination?	'			
What is known about the exposure	The K-5 Housing is a sample site at Bagram,			
setting?	Afghanistan.			
What are the exposure pathways?	Inhalation.			
Where are the sampling sites relative	The sampler location was not provided.			
to where exposure occurs?				

Table C-2. Exposure Information at the K-5 Housing

Questions About Exposure	Information Provided and Assumptions				
What is the exposure event or ambient environmental condition under consideration?	Exposure to PM less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter $(PM_{2.5})$ and metals in the ambient air at this location.				
What is the population at risk?	The population at the Helipad.				
What is the timeframe under consideration?	The samples were collected on 16 November 2010- 31 January 2011. This encompasses a timeframe of approximately 3 months from the first day of sampling to the last. Although personnel will be deployed to this location for approximately 1 year, only this timeframe of 3 months is being considered.				
What are the activity patterns of the exposed population?	Typical exertion across the base camp.				
What is known about sources of potential contamination?	None provided.				
What is known about the exposure setting?	The Helipad is a sample site at Bagram, Afghanistan.				
What are the exposure pathways?	Inhalation.				
Where are the sampling sites relative to where exposure occurs?	The sampler location was not provided.				

Table C-3. Exposure Information at the Helipad

Questions About Exposure	Information Provided and Assumptions
What is the exposure event or ambient environmental condition under consideration?	Exposure to PM less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter $(PM_{2.5})$ and metals in the ambient air at this location.
What is the population at risk?	The population at the BBQ DFAC.
What is the timeframe under consideration?	The samples were collected on 16 November 2010- 31 January 2011. This encompasses a timeframe of approximately 3 months from the first day of sampling to the last. Although personnel will be deployed to this location for approximately 1 year, only this timeframe of 3 months is being considered.
What are the activity patterns of the exposed population?	Typical exertion across the base camp.
What is known about sources of potential contamination?	Located 100 yards from the transportation bay.
What is known about the exposure setting?	The Fuel Point is a sample site at Bagram, Afghanistan.
What are the exposure pathways?	Inhalation.
Where are the sampling sites relative to where exposure occurs?	The sampler location was at the BBQ DFAC next to the smoker's patio and along the main road.

Table C-4. Exposure Information at the BBQ DFAC

Questions About Exposure	Information Provided and Assumptions
What is the exposure event or ambient environmental condition under consideration?	Exposure to PM less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter ( $PM_{2.5}$ ) and metals in the ambient air at this location.
What is the population at risk?	The population at the Main DFAC.
What is the timeframe under consideration?	The samples were collected on 25 November 2010- 31 January 2011. This encompasses a timeframe of approximately 3 months from the first day of sampling to the last. Although personnel will be deployed to this location for approximately 1 year, only this timeframe of 3 months is being considered.
What are the activity patterns of the exposed population?	Typical exertion across the base camp.
What is known about sources of potential contamination?	None provided.
What is known about the exposure setting?	The Main DFAC is a sample site at Bagram, Afghanistan.
What are the exposure pathways?	Inhalation.
Where are the sampling sites relative to where exposure occurs?	The sampler location was not provided.

Table C-5. Exposure Information at the Main DFAC

Questions About Exposure         Information Provided and Assumptions					
Information Provided and Assumptions					
osure to PM less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter					
$I_{2.5}$ ) and metals in the ambient air at this location.					
population at the Maintenance Crew site.					
samples were collected on 26 November 2010-					
ebruary 2011. This encompasses a timeframe of					
roximately 3 months from the first day of sampling					
ne last. Although personnel will be deployed to					
location for approximately 1 year, only this					
frame of 3 months is being considered.					
ical exertion across the base camp.					
e provided.					
Maintenance Crew is a sample site at Bagram,					
nanistan.					
alation.					
sampler location was not provided.					

Table C-6. Exposure Information at the Crew Maintenance Site

Questions About Exposure	Information Provided and Assumptions				
What is the exposure event or ambient	Exposure to PM less than 2.5 micrometers in				
environmental condition under	diameter ( $PM_{2.5}$ ) and metals in the ambient air at				
consideration?	this location.				
What is the population at risk?	The population at the A-Transportation site.				
What is the timeframe under	The samples were collected on 26 November 2010-				
consideration?	2 February 2011. This encompasses a timeframe of				
	approximately 3 months from the first day of				
	sampling to the last. Although personnel will be				
	deployed to this location for approximately 1 year,				
	only this timeframe of 3 months is being considered.				
What are the activity patterns of the	Typical exertion across the base camp.				
exposed population?					
What is known about sources of potential	None provided.				
contamination?					
What is known about the exposure	The A-Transportation site is a sample site at				
setting?	Bagram, Afghanistan.				
What are the exposure pathways?	Inhalation.				
Where are the sampling sites relative to	The sampler location was not provided.				
where exposure occurs?					

Table C-7. Exposure Information at the A-Transportation Site

# Appendix D

## Hazard Probability Scoring Tables

Concentration	Hazard Probab	Hazard			
(µg/m³)	Degree of Exposure	Represent- ativeness of Sample Data	Duration of Exposure	Rate of Exposure	Probability
Peak: 226	Score 3: Concentration is >75th percentile of severity range.	Score 2: Field data adequately estimates population exposure (Routine Sampling).	Score 1: Field exposure duration to MEG exposure duration is <1 (Personnel will not spend the entire 24- hours at the sampling location).	Score 2: Typical exertion (no information to indicate otherwise).	Total Score 8: Occasional
Average: 166	Score 2: Concentration is at or between 25th and 75th percentiles of severity range.	Score 2: Field data adequately estimates population exposure (Routine Sampling).	Score 1: Field exposure duration to MEG exposure duration is <1 (Personnel will not spend the entire 24- hours at the sampling location).	Score 2: Typical exertion (no information to indicate otherwise).	Total Score 7: Seldom

Concentration	Hazard Probab	Hazard			
(μg/m³)	Degree of Exposure	Represent- ativeness of Sample Data	Duration of Exposure	Rate of Exposure	Probability
Peak: 281	Score 1: Concentration is <25th percentile of severity range.	Score 2: Field data adequately estimates population exposure (Routine Sampling).	Score 1: Field exposure duration to MEG exposure duration is <1 (Personnel will not spend the entire 24- hours at the sampling location).	Score 2: Typical exertion (no information to indicate otherwise).	Total Score 6: Unlikely
Average: 281	Score 1: Concentration is <25th percentile of severity range.	Score 2: Field data adequately estimates population exposure (Routine Sampling).	Score 1: Field exposure duration to MEG exposure duration is <1 (Personnel will not spend the entire 24- hours at the sampling location).	Score 2: Typical exertion (no information to indicate otherwise).	Total Score 6: Unlikely

Table D-2. Hazard Probability Scoring for PM<sub>2.5</sub> at K-5 Housing

Concentration	Hazard P	Hazard			
(µg/m³)	Degree of Exposure	Represent- ativeness of Sample Data	Duration of Exposure	Rate of Exposure	Probability
Peak: 200	Score 2: Concentration is at or between 25th and 75th percentiles of severity range.	Score 2: Field data adequately estimates population exposure (Routine Sampling).	Score 1: Field exposure duration to MEG exposure duration is <1 (Personnel will not spend the entire 24-hours at the sampling location).	Score 2: Typical exertion (no information to indicate otherwise).	Total Score 7: Seldom
Average: 160	Score 2: Concentration is at or between 25th and 75th percentiles of severity range.	Score 2: Field data adequately estimates population exposure (Routine Sampling).	Score 1: Field exposure duration to MEG exposure duration is <1 (Personnel will not spend the entire 24-hours at the sampling location).	Score 2: Typical exertion (no information to indicate otherwise).	Total Score 7: Seldom

Table D-3. Hazard Probability Scoring for PM<sub>2.5</sub> at the Helipad

Concentration	Hazard Pr	Hazard			
(µg/m³)	Degree of Exposure	Represent- ativeness of Sample Data	Duration of Exposure	Rate of Exposure	Probability
Peak: 275	Score 1: Concentration is <25th percentile of severity range.	Score 2: Field data adequately estimates population exposure (Routine Sampling).	Score 1: Field exposure duration to MEG exposure duration is <1 (Personnel will not spend the entire 24-hours at the sampling location).	Score 2: Typical exertion (no information to indicate otherwise).	Total Score 6: Unlikely
Average: 180	Score 2: Concentration is at or between 25th and 75th percentiles of severity range.	Score 2: Field data adequately estimates population exposure (Routine Sampling).	Score 1: Field exposure duration to MEG exposure duration is <1 (Personnel will not spend the entire 24-hours at the sampling location).	Score 2: Typical exertion (no information to indicate otherwise).	Total Score 7: Seldom

Table D-4. Hazard Probability Scoring for PM<sub>2.5</sub> at the BBQ DFAC

Concentration	Hazard Probability Scoring for Exposure Factors Ha				
(µg/m³)	Degree of Exposure	Represent- ativeness of Sample Data	Duration of Exposure	Rate of Exposure	Probability
Peak: 203	Score 2: Concentration is at or between 25th and 75th percentiles of severity range.	Score 2: Field data adequately estimates population exposure (Routine Sampling).	Score 1: Field exposure duration to MEG exposure duration is <1 (Personnel will not spend the entire 24-hours at the sampling location).	Score 2: Typical exertion (no information to indicate otherwise).	Total Score 7: Seldom
Average: 186	Score 2: Concentration is at or between 25th and 75th percentiles of severity range.	Score 2: Field data adequately estimates population exposure (Routine Sampling).	Score 1: Field exposure duration to MEG exposure duration is <1 (Personnel will not spend the entire 24-hours at the sampling location).	Score 2: Typical exertion (no information to indicate otherwise).	Total Score 7: Seldom

Table D-5. Hazard Probability Scoring for PM<sub>2.5</sub> at the Main DFAC

Concentration	Hazard Probab	Hazard			
(µg/m³)	Degree of Exposure	Represent- ativeness of Sample Data	Duration of Exposure	Rate of Exposure	Probability
Peak: 77	Score 1: Concentration is <25th percentile of severity range.	Score 2: Field data adequately estimates population exposure (Routine Sampling).	Score 1: Field exposure duration to MEG exposure duration is <1 (Personnel will not spend the entire 24-hours at the sampling location).	Score 2: Typical exertion (no information to indicate otherwise).	Total Score 6: Unlikely
Average: 73	Score 1: Concentration is <25th percentile of severity range.	Score 2: Field data adequately estimates population exposure (Routine Sampling).	Score 1: Field exposure duration to MEG exposure duration is <1 (Personnel will not spend the entire 24-hours at the sampling location).	Score 2: Typical exertion (no information to indicate otherwise).	Total Score 6: Unlikely

## Table D-6. Hazard Probability Scoring for PM<sub>2.5</sub> at the Crew Maintenance

Concentration	ncentration Hazard Probability Scoring for Exposure Factors						
(µg/m³)	Degree of Exposure	Represent- ativeness of Sample Data	Duration of Exposure	Rate of Exposure	Probability		
Peak: 175	Score 2: Concentration is at or between 25th and 75th percentiles of severity range.	Score 2: Field data adequately estimates population exposure (Routine Sampling).	Score 1: Field exposure duration to MEG exposure duration is <1 (Personnel will not spend the entire 24-hours at the sampling location).	Score 2: Typical exertion (no information to indicate otherwise).	Total Score 7: Seldom		
Average: 153	Score 2: Concentration is at or between 25th and 75th percentiles of severity range.	Score 2: Field data adequately estimates population exposure (Routine Sampling).	Score 1: Field exposure duration to MEG exposure duration is <1 (Personnel will not spend the entire 24-hours at the sampling location).	Score 2: Typical exertion (no information to indicate otherwise).	Total Score 7: Seldom		

## Table D-7. Hazard Probability Scoring for PM<sub>2.5</sub> at the A-Transportation Lot